

Age Group	Percentage
18-24	~10%
25-34	~15%
35-44	~10%
45-54	~10%
55-64	~10%
65-74	~10%
75-84	~10%
85+	~10%

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1. The first step in the process of developing a business plan is to conduct a thorough market research. This involves identifying the target market, understanding their needs and preferences, and analyzing the competitive landscape. Market research can be conducted through various methods, including surveys, interviews, and focus groups.
2. Once the market research is complete, the next step is to develop a clear and concise business plan. This plan should outline the company's mission, vision, and goals, as well as the strategies and tactics for achieving them. It should also include a detailed financial plan, including a budget and a forecast of revenue and expenses.
3. The third step in the process is to secure financing. This involves identifying potential sources of capital, such as banks, venture capitalists, and angel investors, and presenting the business plan to them. It is important to have a solid understanding of the financial requirements of the business and to be able to articulate the value proposition to potential investors.
4. The final step in the process is to launch the business. This involves implementing the strategies and tactics outlined in the business plan, and monitoring the progress of the business. It is important to have a flexible and adaptable business plan that can be adjusted as the business evolves and market conditions change.



Figure 6

1. The first step in the process of developing a business plan is to conduct a thorough market research. This involves identifying the target market, understanding their needs and preferences, and analyzing the competitive landscape. Market research can be conducted through various methods, including surveys, interviews, and focus groups.
2. Once the market research is complete, the next step is to develop a clear and concise business model. This model should outline the company's value proposition, revenue streams, and cost structure. It should also define the company's target market and the strategies for reaching it.
3. The third step is to create a detailed financial plan. This plan should include a budget, a cash flow statement, and a break-even analysis. It should also outline the company's funding requirements and the strategies for raising capital.
4. The fourth step is to develop a marketing and sales strategy. This strategy should outline the company's marketing mix, including its product, price, place, and promotion. It should also define the company's sales channels and the strategies for reaching its target market.
5. The final step is to create a business plan document. This document should be a comprehensive overview of the company's business model, financial plan, and marketing and sales strategy. It should be written in a clear and concise manner, using simple language and avoiding jargon.

1. The first step is to identify the problem.



2. The second step is to analyze the problem.

3. The third step is to plan the solution.

4. The fourth step is to implement the solution.



5. The fifth step is to evaluate the solution.

6. The sixth step is to monitor the solution.

1. The First Step: The Problem



Figure 1. The first step: the problem.

Figure 2. The second step: the solution.

Figure 3. The third step: the result.



Figure 4. The fourth step: the conclusion.

Figure 5. The fifth step: the final result.

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Diagram 1: Schematic of a vertical column with a shaded bottom section and a horizontal arm with three segments.



- 1. The first segment of the horizontal arm is the longest.
- 2. The second segment of the horizontal arm is the shortest.
- 3. The third segment of the horizontal arm is the longest.
- 4. The shaded base is the largest.

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Development of the International Classification of Diseases (ICD)

- The ICD is a classification system for diseases and health conditions, developed by the World Health Organization (WHO).
- It is used by healthcare professionals to diagnose and record diseases and health conditions.
- The ICD is a standardised system, meaning that it is used in the same way by healthcare professionals in different countries.
- The ICD is updated regularly to reflect changes in the way diseases and health conditions are understood and treated.
- The ICD is used in a variety of settings, including hospitals, clinics, and research studies.

ICD-10: The 10th Revision of the International Classification of Diseases

- The ICD-10 is the 10th revision of the ICD, and it was adopted by the WHO in 1989.
- It is a classification system for diseases and health conditions, and it is used by healthcare professionals in many countries.
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